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XXIV. Tuberculosis.—1. Cases must be reported.

- 2. Careful instructions regarding disinfection of sputum must be given.
- 3. Complete disinfection of room and clothing after death, recovery, or removal of patient required. (See tuberculosis law.)

XXV. Typhoid fever.—1. Cases must be reported.

- 2. Conspicuous placard on the house.
- 3. Isolation of patient. No restriction on other members of family. Excreta from patient must be thoroughly disinfected. Marketing of dairy products is forbidden by law.
- 4. Complete disinfection of rooms and clothing, after death or recovery of patient, required.

XXVI. Typhus fever.—1. Cases must be reported.

- 2. Conspicuous placard on the house.
- 3. Inasmuch as this disease is spread by body lice, clothes should be removed, burned, or disinfected by immersing in a 1-500 bichloride of mercury solution, or by boiling.
- 4. Thorough disinfection of rooms and contents, room should be kept closed for from 12 to 24 hours, with the object of destroying the lice.

XXVII. Venereal diseases.—1. Cases must be reported, but report may be made by number or initials, rather than by patient's name.

XXVIII. Whooping cough.—1. Cases must be reported.

- 2. Conspicuous placard on the house.
- 3. Isolation of patient until after whooping stage. Exclude from school children in the household who have not had whooping cough.
- 4. Children should be permitted to go out every day, but must not come in contact with others who have not had the disease. If possible, an attendant should always accompany them. Fresh air, but not vigorous exercise, is necessary in the treatment of whooping cough.

Pellagra—Notification of Cases—Control of. (Reg. Bd. of H., Sept. 1, 1915.)

XIV. Pellagra ("rough skin," "corn-bread fever," "corn sickness").—1. Cases must be reported.

- 2. History of the patient's diet and former residence should be carefully investigated.
- 3. Patient should be under observance of a physician. Proper diet, sanitary and personal hygiene should be insisted upon.
- 4. In view of the fact that the communicability of this disease is questioned by good authority, quarantine or isolation will not be arbitrarily insisted upon.